

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta)

FIRST YEAR [BATCH 2016-19]

B.A./B.Sc. SECOND SEMESTER (January – June) 2017

Mid-Semester Examination, March 2017

Date : 18/03/2017

MATHEMATICS (General)

Time : 12 noon – 1 pm

Paper : II

Full Marks : 25

Answer any one question from Question nos. 1 & 2 :

[1×5]

1. a) Let the original axes OX and OY be rotated through an angle θ in the anticlockwise direction such that OX' and OY' are the new set of axes. If (x, y) and (x', y') be the coordinates of the same point P referred to OX, OY and OX', OY' respectively. Then what is the relation between (x, y) and (x', y') ? [1]
b) Show that $a+b$, $ab-h^2$, f^2+g^2 obtained from $ax^2+2hxy+by^2+2gx+2fy+c$ remains invariant under transformation of rotation. [1+2+1]
2. Find the angle through which the axes are to be rotated so that the equation $x\sqrt{3}+y+6=0$ may be reduced to the form $x=c$. Also determine the value of c . [5]

Answer any one question from Question nos. 3 & 4 :

[1×6]

3. a) Find the vector equation of a line passing through two given points. [3]
b) Find the equation to the line passing through the point $(7, -3, 4)$ and parallel to the vector $(2, -1, 1)$ and determine the point where it cuts the plane through the three points $(2, 1, -3)$, $(4, -1, 3)$, $(3, 0, 1)$. [3]
4. Show that the internal bisector of any angle of a triangle divides the opposite side internally in the ratio of the sides containing the angle. [6]

Answer any one question from Question nos. 5 & 6 :

[1×7]

5. a) Evaluate : $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt[3]{n+1} - \sqrt[3]{n})$ [3]
b) Check if the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$ is convergent. [4]
6. a) Let $\{x_n\}$ and $\{y_n\}$ be real sequence such that $x_n \rightarrow 1$ and $y_n \rightarrow 2$. Show that $(x_n + y_n) \rightarrow 3$. [3]
b) Show that a convergent real sequence is bounded. [4]

Answer any one question from Question nos. 7 & 8 :

[1×7]

7. a) Evaluate : $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right) \dots \left(1 + \frac{n}{n}\right) \right\}^{\frac{1}{n}}$. [3]
b) By Wallis' method, calculate $\int_a^b \frac{1}{x} dx, 0 < a < b$. [4]

8. a) If $I_n = \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^n x \, dx$ where n is a positive integer greater than 1, show that $I_n = \frac{n-1}{n} I_{n-2}$. Hence

find $\int_0^1 x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} \, dx$. [4]

b) Evaluate : $\int \frac{dx}{5+4 \sin x}$. [3]

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